

T&T MU



www.tandtmun.weebly.com tandtmun@gmail.com



Words to Know

Term	Definition
United Nations	An organization that was created in 1945, post-World War II, as a method to promote international agreement to solve issues
Country/Committee	What you, as a delegate, are going to be representing during this conference in a committee Ex. Uganda in World health Organization (there will only be one Uganda in the whole committee)
Background Guide	A resource that was written by your committee dais/chairs to provide a basic understanding of the topic going to be discussed
P5 ("Big Five") Nation	China, France, Russia, the United Kingdom (England), and the United States. They founded the United Nations and have veto power in the United Nations Security Council
Secretariat	Students from La Jolla Country Day and The Preuss School UC San Diego who run the conference
Co-Chairs	Two dais/chair members who will be moderating debate and observing participation throughout the conference
Crisis Staff	Three to four staff members who are present in Specialized Committees will provide crisis updates as the main source of debate direction



Position Papers

A position paper in Model United Nations is a paper written by the delegates that includes three to four parts. These parts include the background information provided by the background guide, international involvement (aka UN involvement), country/character policy, and solution. Exceptions for the international involvement section for crisis committees that feature characters instead of country. All position paper expectations will be written on the background guides of your committee. Please refer to your background guides for your specific position paper guidelines.

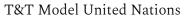
- 1. Background Information
 - What is the issue that your committee is going to cover? Include the details and statistics that correlate with this issue.
 - What is the timeline of the issue?
 - How much has this issue escalated since its discovery?
- 2. International/UN Involvement
 - Which international organizations have been involved in this issue?
 - Have there been treaties/agreements in the past that are related to or deal with the issues?
 - Has your delegation been involved and how long has your delegation been involved?
- 3. Country/Person Policy
 - What stance does your delegation take on the issue at hand?
 - How would the issue affect your country/person with their goals?
 - Would the issue have a lasting impact and influence on your country/person?
- 4. Solution
 - How does this align with your delegation stance?
 - How will this solution affect your delegation?
 - Creativity is key here so don't be afraid to think outside the box!
- 5. Bibliography
 - MLA 7 Format and in alphabetical order



Resolutions

Resolutions are papers that will be developed during the T&TMUN conference. This paper serves as a formal declaration of operative clauses that will solve the issue at hand. The committee type that will not be creating resolutions is Crisis. Resolutions are split into two parts: preamble and operative clauses. This delegate guide will provide formation tips and vocabulary that will be accepted in resolutions.

- 1. Header:
 - Parts listed below will be on the left-hand side
 - Committee Name
 - Sponsors
 - Signatories
 - Titles will be centered and in bold
- 2. Budget/Funding:
 - What are your funding sources and do you have backups?
 - How much does your solution cost immediately and in the long run?
 - If your solution does not need funding, is it explicitly written?
- 3. Mission:
 - Does this solution align with your country's policy?
- 4. Audience:
 - Who is this solution targeting?
 - Why are you targeting this audience?
- 5. Location:
 - Where will your solution be implemented or started?
 - Is this objective going to be achieved at this location?
- 6. Timeline:
 - When will this solution be implemented?
 - Is there more than one part to the solution? If so, please note that down.
 - Is the time frame of the solution good enough for it to be effective?
- 7. Other tips:
 - Is it creative? At T&TMUN, we encourage thinking outside the box with resolutions and solutions.





Resolutions - Preamble Clauses

Below are examples of viable vocabulary for the preamble clause of a resolution

- 1. Approving
- 2. Aware of
- 3. Acknowledging
- 4. Believing
- 5. Bearing in mind
- 6. Confident
- 7. Convinced
- 8. Declaring
- 9. Deeply concerned
- 10. Deeply disturbed
- 11. Emphasizing
- 12. Fully alarmed
- 13. Fully aware
- 14. Guided by
- 15. Having adopted
- 16. Having examined
- 17. Keeping in mind
- 18. Noting further
- 19. Noting with approval
- 20. Observing
- 21. Pointing out
- 22. Reaffirming
- 23. Realizing
- 24. Seeking
- 25. Taking into account
- 26. Keeping in mind



Resolutions - Operative Clauses

Below are examples of viable vocabulary for the operative clauses of a resolution

- 1. Accepts
- 2. Affirms
- 3. Approves
- 4. Asks
- 5. Authorizes
- 6. Calls upon
- 7. Congratulates
- 8. Confirms
- 9. Declares accordingly
- 10. Deplores
- 11. Designates
- 12. Encourages
- 13. Endorses
- 14. Hopes
- 15. Proclaims
- 16. Proposes
- 17. Recommends
- 18. Regrets
- 19. Requests
- 20. Resolves
- 21. Seeks
- 22. Strongly urges
- 23. Nuggets
- 24. Trusts
- 25. Transmits
- 26. Urges





